

SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY
SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

*replaced
by FOR 338-6
Enforcement,
Wildlife
Mgmt.*

COURSE OUTLINE

Course Title: GAME AND FISH MANAGEMENT
Code No.: FOR 314-6
Program: FISH AND WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
Semester: VI
Date: DECEMBER, 1983
Author: H. COOPER

New: _____ Revision: X

APPROVED:


Chairperson

Date

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 314-6
GAME AND FISH MANAGEMENT

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

GAME AND FISH MANAGEMENT
COURSE NAME

FOR 314-6
COURSE NUMBER

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

This advanced level course combines theoretical and practical aspects of Game and Fish management. Topics include: Biology of important game/fish supply; legislation and enforcement procedure; the role of harvesting game supply; habitat improvement for upland game mammals and birds, furbearers, waterfowl, and fish; population manipulation; management of protected areas; predator and nuisance species control; and the role of effective public relations in resource management.

Prerequisites - FOR 302-3

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

Students will be assessed on the basis of the following:

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| Term tests (3) | - 45% |
| <u>Practical Tests</u> every second week in labs | - 40% total |
| - Enforcement problems - Parasites and diseases | |
| - Habitat Improvement - Firearm anatomy and handling | |
| - Mammal and Bird anatomy | |
| - Mammals, skulls and fur I.D. | |
| - Waterfowl whole specimens, wings and in flight | |
| - Bird, amphibia, and reptilia I.D. | |

<u>Reports</u> - 3 Technical style reports	- 15%
- position paper	
- species biology and management	
	<u>100%</u>

Grading: For practical tests - A = 85%+ consistently
B = 75-89%
C = 65-74%
For all else - A = 80%+ consistently
B = 70-79%
C = 60-69%

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<u>Topic #</u>	<u>Hours</u>	<u>Topic Description</u>	<u>References</u>
I	4	<u>Introduction to and scope of Course</u> - goals and objectives of Game and Fish management - principles of management - tools and techniques - factors influencing future management	(see list) (1) Ch. 1-5 (2) p. 89 (8)
II	4	<u>The Role of Harvesting Fish and Game</u> - objectives of hunting, trapping, fishing - methods of regulating harvests - sustained yield concept - opposition to and alternatives to harvesting	(2) p. 7, 55, 61
III	15	<u>Legislation and Enforcement</u> - need for enforcement - authority for legislation - types of offences and regulations - rights of private citizens - rules of evidence - power and technique to search, arrest, take statements - procedure for enforcing Provincial and Federal offences - record-taking and public relations of officers - courtroom procedure	(4) (2) p. 22, 67
IV	6	<u>Biology and Requirements of Game and Fish Species</u> - warm-water vs cold-water fisheries - biological requirements and limiting factors affecting important game and fish supply	(2) p. 238 (7) (9) (10) (11) (12)

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<u>Topic #</u>	<u>Hours</u>	<u>Topic Description</u>	<u>References</u> (see list)
V		<u>Habitat Improvement</u> - methods of enhancing the habitat of:	
		a) Upland game species	(2)
		- planting	(8)
		- release and rejuvenation of food plants	(3)
		- artificial feeding	(1) p. 329
		- types of cover and their improvement	
		b) Wetland Improvements for furbearers, waterfowl, non-game supply	(14)
		- water level control	
		- potholes and their formation	
		- wetland farming	
		- other types of enhancement	
		c) Stream Improvements	(3)
		- channel treatment for food and spawning	
		- streamside improvement	
		- water quality control	
		- fertilization, reclamation and herbicidal treatment	
		d) Lake Improvements	
VI		<u>Population Manipulation</u>	(2) p. 251,
		- fish stocking and the hatchery systems-methods and roles	255,
		- removal of undesirable fish and game supply	260,
		- case studies - successes and failures	172
		- artificial propagation of game supply	
		- introduction of exotic game supply - potential and problems	
VII		<u>Establishing Protected Areas</u>	(2) p. 161,
		- Role and short-comings of	197,
		- refuges and reserves	191
		- preserves	
		- sanctuaries	
		- management areas and wilderness areas	

<u>Topic #</u>	<u>Hours</u>	<u>FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY</u> <u>Topic Description</u>	<u>References</u> (see list)
VIII		<u>Predator and Nuisance Species Control</u> - principles of predator-prey relationships - types and extent of predator damage - methods of control	(2) p.167
IX		<u>Public Relations as a Management Tool</u> - role of public relations - extension roles - contentious issues related to P-R	(2) p. 67, 75

TEXTBOOK(S):

- (1) Schemnitz, S.S., 1980 Wildlife Management Techniques Manual, The Wildlife Society, Washington, D.C., 686 p.
- (2) Teague, R.D., and E. Decker, 1979, Wildlife Conservation, Principles and Practices, The Wildlife Society, Washington, D.C., 280 p.
- (3) U.S. Forest Service, 1969, Wildlife Habitat Improvement Handbook, U.S.D.A., Washington, 200 p.
- (4) Assorted Acts and Regulations

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- (5) The Journal of Wildlife Management, 1966-1983, LRC
- (6) Transactions of N.A. Wildlife and Resources Conf., 1971-1983, LRC
- (7) O.M.N.R. Publications on Wildlife Spp.
- (8) Giles, R.H., Jr., 1978, Wildlife Management, Freeman & Co., San Francisco, 416 p.
- (9) Kortright, F.H., 1967, Ducks, Geese and Swans of N.A., Stackpole, Pennsylvania, 476 p.
- (10) Rue, L.L. III, 1980, Fur-Bearing Animals of N.A., Crown publ., N.Y., 343 p.
- (11) Ibid, 1978, The DEER of N.A., Crown publ., N.Y., 463 p.

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- (12) Schmidt, J.L., and D.L. Gilbert, 1978, Big Game of North America, W.M.I. Stackpole, Pennsylvania, 494 p.
- (13) Readings in Wildlife Conservation, 1974, The Wildlife Society, 722 p.
- (14) Linde, A.F., 1969, Techniques for Wetland Management, Dept. of Natural Resources, Madison, Wisconsin, 156 p.

OBJECTIVES:

Unit I - Introduction

At the completion of this unit the student will be able to:

- 1) State and Explain - 8 principles of game and fish management
 - 7 major management tools
 - 8 factors that future resource planners must consider

Unit II - Role of Harvesting

At the completion of this unit the student will be able to:

- 1) State the objectives and rationale for harvesting resources.
- 2) Describe how harvest numbers may be regulated for sustained yield management.
- 3) State the arguments that the many persons opposed to hunting, trapping or fishing use.

Unit III - Legislation and Enforcement

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Differentiate between - Federal and Provincial offences
 - Summary conviction, indictable, and dual procedural offences, giving examples of any of these
- 2) Solve case studies with respect to enforcement procedure, demonstrating mastery of:
 - a) the use and contents of major Acts (including the Game and Fish, Fisheries Act, Migratory Bird Conv. Act, etc.)
 - b) the officers powers and authority
 - c) record-taking
 - d) collecting usable evidence, seizures, statements
 - e) completion of proper enforcement forms and courtroom behaviour

Unit IV - Biology and Related Management of Game and Fish

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Compare characteristics and requirements of warm-water vs cold-water fish spp. in a chart.
- 2) Describe biology, habitat, limiting and compensating factors, life history and value of any major game or fish spp. covered.

Unit V - Habitat Improvement

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Describe the methods and rules for planting of game/fish food or cover plant species.
- 2) State objectives of water level control, and design a control device for a given water course to achieve these objectives.
- 3) Describe four types of improvements to protective cover and five methods of improving nesting cover.
- 4) Given a section of unimproved stream, the student will illustrate how this may be enhanced in the following respects:
 - a) five methods of treating the channel
 - b) two methods of treating stream-sides and stream-flow
 - c) three methods of maintaining water quality
 - d) three methods of controlling undesirable fish species
- 5) Demonstrate on a sketch six methods of improving the habitat of any wetland area for furbearers or waterfowl.
- 6) Differentiate between rejuvenation and release operations, giving benefits, drawbacks and examples of each.
- 7) State five advantages and five disadvantages of the artificial feeding of any game species.
- 8) Describe the objectives, dangers and most practical methods of performing the following:
 - a) lake fertilization
 - b) vegetation control in lakes
 - c) lake reclamation
 - d) coarse fish removal

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Unit VI - Population Manipulation

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Describe the use of population manipulation as a management tool.
- 2) Outline the purposes, methods and criticisms of the hatchery system.
- 3) Describe the reasons and methods for translocating game spp.
- 4) Describe the 7 major potential problems and benefits of exotic game spp.

Unit VII - Establishing Protected Areas.

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Describe the role and short-comings of the protected areas listed in the course outline.

Unit VIII - Predator and Nuisance Species Control

At the completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) State 8 principles of predator-prey relationships, and apply these principles to the ecological role of predators in the ecosystem.
- 2) State the major methods of humane predator and nuisance species control, and state the advantages and disadvantages of each.

Unit IX - Public Relations and Resource Management

At completion of this unit, the student will be able to:

- 1) Outline the features of an effective public relations program.
- 2) Submit an acceptable position paper on a topic dealing with a contentious issue related to resource management, ensuring that the principles of a good public relation program are met, in a technical style.

LABORATORY COMPETENCY:

In addition to the above objectives, the student must be able to achieve a minimum grade of 65% in the following laboratory related material:

- 1) Mammal and bird anatomy

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- 2) Mammalian and bird identification and classification
- 3) Waterfowl identification from whole specimens or wings
- 4) Reptile and amphibian identification
- 5) Parasite and disease diagnosis
- 6) Mammal skull and fur identification
- 7) Firearm anatomy and handling